Listing of claims

Please amend the claims as set forth below and add new claims 7-16. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in the application:

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel by a divisional exposure with a plurality of shots including first and second shots adjacent to each other, the method comprising:

preparing a stitch area which is an overlapping area of the first and the second shots at a boundary between the first shot and the second shot, said stitch area including a plurality of unit areas, each unit area being light-exposed or light-blocked in the first and the second shots; and

determining the positions or the sizes of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked unit areas by a random number generator, the number of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked unit areas gradually decreasing or increasing along a direction from the first shot to the second shot;

wherein the determination comprises:

determining a pitch of the unit areas;

determining the stitch area including a plurality of unit areas arranged in an N x M matrix;

determining a moving direction of the first and the second shots;

determining the number of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked
unit areas in each row or in each column for the first and the second shots; and

determining positions of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked unit areas in each row or in each column for the first and the second shots using the random number generator,

wherein each generated random number corresponds to the position of a unit area within each row or column.

- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein N/M or M/N is a natural number.
- 4. (Currently amended) The method of claim $\frac{12}{2}$, wherein the unit area includes a pixel area, a plurality of pixel areas, or a portion of a pixel area.
- 5. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel by a divisional exposure with a plurality of shots including first and second shots adjacent to each other, the method comprising:

preparing a stitch area which is an overlapping area of the first and the second shots at a boundary between the first shot and the second shot, said stitch area including a plurality of unit areas, each unit area being light-exposed or light-blocked in the first and the second shots; and

determining the positions or the sizes of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked unit areas by a random number generator, the number of the light-exposed unit areas or the light-blocked unit areas gradually decreasing or increasing along a direction from the first shot to the second shot; The method of claim 1,

wherein the unit area includes a portion of a pixel area and the pixel area is

provided with a domain defining member disposed between adjacent unit areas each

pixel area comprises two unit areas, and a domain defining member is disposed between the two unit areas.

- 6. (Currently amended) The method of one of claim 15, wherein the pixel area is defined by intersections of two adjacent gate lines and two adjacent data lines and a boundary line between adjacent unit areas extends parallel to the gate lines.
- 7. (New) The method of claim 5, wherein the domain defining member comprises a cutout of the common electrode.
- 8. (New) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display panel by divisional exposure, the method comprising:

identifying an overlapping area between a first shot and a second shot, the second shot being adjacent to the first shot, wherein the overlapping area comprises a plurality of unit areas arranged in N rows and M columns;

for each row or column, determining a first number of light-exposed unit areas, wherein said first number decreases for each row or column in a direction from the first shot to the second shot;

within each row or column, determining the positions of said first number of light-exposed unit areas according to a set of random numbers, wherein said set of random numbers consists of said first number of random numbers.

9. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein determining the positions of said first number of light-exposed unit areas comprises identifying a light-exposed unit area corresponding to each random number in said set of random numbers.

- 10. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein said random numbers are generated by a pseudorandom number generator.
- 11. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein N/M is a positive integer.
- 12. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein said direction from the first shot to the second shot is along a row of said plurality of unit areas, and said first number of light-exposed areas for each column m is determined as: $N [(N/M) \times m]$, wherein m ranges from 1 for the column farthest from the second shot, to M for the column farthest from the first shot.
- 13. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein a pixel area is defined by the intersection of two adjacent gate lines and two adjacent data lines, and a unit area comprises a portion of a pixel area.
- 14. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the pixel area comprises a domain defining member disposed between adjacent unit areas.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 8, wherein a domain defining member is disposed between two adjacent unit areas.
- 16. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the domain defining member comprises a cutout of the common electrode.